

Bureau of Health Services Financing

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

for an

Eligibility and Case Management System

RFI due date / time September 22, 2025 5:00 PM CDT

<u>NOTE:</u> This Request for Information (RFI) is solely for information and planning purposes and does not constitute a solicitation. This information will be reviewed and discussed by the state agency and may result in the advertisement of a formal and competitive Request for Proposal for any or all of the services included in the RFI.

Only information which is in the nature of legitimate trade secrets or non-published financial data may be deemed proprietary or confidential. Any material within a response to this RFI identified as such must be clearly marked and will be handled in accordance with the Louisiana Public Records Act. R.S. 44:1-44 and applicable rules and regulations. Any response marked as confidential or proprietary in its entirety may be rejected without further consideration or recourse.

1.0 Introduction and Purpose

The Louisiana Department of Health (LDH) is issuing this Request for Information (RFI) to identify solutions that can provide a technology platform for determining eligibility and managing cases across multiple human services programs. LDH seeks to gather information from interested vendors, stakeholders, and other entities regarding capabilities, implementation approaches, pricing models, and solutions. This RFI is exploratory and non-binding. LDH encourages all capable parties to respond, regardless of company size or market share.

1.2 Background

LDH is committed to modernizing eligibility and case management systems to prioritize accuracy, operational efficiency, rapid adaptability, and the resident experience. We welcome vendors who can contribute to these goals, whether through full system solutions or component technologies.

If your company is focused on agility, speed to market, innovation, low-code configurability, and user-centered design, we want to hear from you. This is your opportunity to help shape the future of health and human services in Louisiana.

2 ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

2.1 RFI COORDINATOR

Requests for copies of the RFI and any questions must be directed to the RFI Coordinator listed below:

Mitzi Hochheiser Mitzi.Hochheiser@la.gov Deputy Director Bureau of Health Services Financing

This RFI has been posted to LaPAC and the LDH Website, which can be found at the following links:

LaPAC: https://www.cfprd.doa.louisiana.gov/osp/lapac/pubMain.cfm
LDH Website: https://ldh.la.gov/index.cfm/newsroom/category/46

2.2 SCHEDULE OF EVENTS

LDH reserves the right to deviate from this Schedule of Events at any time without notice.

Activity/Event	Date
Public Notice of RFI	August 6, 2025
Deadline for Receipt of Written Inquiries	August 20, 2025
Response to Written Inquiries	September 5, 2025
Deadline for Receipt of RFI	September 22, 2025

2.3 RESPONSE CONTENT

2.3.1 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The responder should provide administrative information, including, at a minimum, the responder's contact name

and phone number, email address, and any other pertinent contact information. This section should also include a summary of the responder's qualifications, ability, and willingness to comply with the State's requirements.

2.3.2 CORPORATE BACKGROUND AND EXPERIENCE

The responder should provide a brief description of the company, including its history, corporate structure, organizational details, and years in business. Responders should also describe their experience with projects of this type with other states or corporate/governmental entities of comparable size and diversity, including development and maintenance.

2.3.3 APPROACH AND METHODOLOGY

Thank you for your interest in partnering with the Louisiana Department of Health. We look forward to receiving your valuable input.

Include in your response:

- Respondents are encouraged to answer as many questions as applicable; however, complete responses to all questions are not required.
- Your recommended approach and methodology for accomplishing the RFI outcomes.
- Any known systems that support the functional areas outlined in the RFI, including a description of the systems and how they support the services.
- Best practices garnered from previous experience with this scope of services.
- A list of issues/concerns that were not taken into consideration in the scope of services described herein that you think are essential for the agency to consider.
- Alternative solutions for accomplishing the project objectives, if applicable, and any other additional pertinent information.

LDH is not seeking compliance declarations but insight into capability, flexibility, and approach.

This Request for Information (RFI) is for informational and planning purposes only and does not constitute a commitment to purchase goods or services. All questions and responses must be submitted electronically to the contact information provided.

2.3.4 COST ESTIMATE

Provide a general overview of your pricing model (e.g., subscription-based, per user, per transaction). While this is an RFI, a high-level understanding of potential costs is beneficial. Please include any information regarding typical implementation and maintenance costs, as well as factors influencing them, with a focus on the cost-effectiveness of modifications and maintenance.

2.4 RESPONSE INSTRUCTIONS

2.4.1 RESPONSE SUBMITTAL

Responders interested in providing information requested by this RFI must submit responses containing the information specified no later than the deadline for response to RFI as stated in the Schedule of Events. Proposers should email responses to the RFI Coordinator.

It is solely the responsibility of each responder to ensure that their response is submitted before the deadline. Responses misdirected or otherwise received late may not be considered.

2.4.2 DEMONSTRATIONS

LDH may host a virtual Vendor Innovation Showcase for select respondents to present their approach. Please indicate your interest in participating when submitting your response.

2.5 ADDITIONAL INSTRUCTIONS AND NOTIFICATIONS TO RESPONDERS

2.5.1 RFI ADDENDA/CANCELLATION

The State reserves the right to revise any part of the RFI by issuing an addendum to the RFI at any time. Issuance of this RFI, or subsequent addendum (if any), does not constitute a commitment by the State to issue an RFP or any other process resulting in the award of a contract of any type or form. Additionally, the State may cancel this informal process at any time without penalty.

2.5.2 OWNERSHIP OF RESPONSE

The materials submitted in response to this request shall become the property of the State.

2.5.3 COST OF PREPARATION

The State shall not be liable for any costs incurred by responders associated with developing the response, preparing for discussions (if any), or any other expenses incurred by the responder related to this RFI.

ATTACHMENT I Scope of Services

LDH is seeking solutions that are focused on achieving the following outcomes:

- Improved Resident Access & Experience: A seamless, single point of entry for all social services, reducing barriers, improving satisfaction, and empowering residents on their journey toward independence. Multimodal communication tools, including text messaging and secure chat.
- **Enhanced Operational Efficiency:** Streamlined workflows, reduced manual effort, and improved data accuracy for LDH staff, leading to increased productivity and reduced administrative burden.
- **Better Data-Driven Decisions:** Access to timely and accurate data for policy decisions, program effectiveness and accuracy, and resource allocation, enabling proactive management and forecasting.
- Maximized Federal Reimbursement: Accurate time tracking and reporting to optimize federal funding opportunities.
- **Future-Proof Technology:** A flexible and adaptable platform that can evolve with changing program needs and technological advancements. Use of Artificial Intelligence to improve staff and resident efficiency, detect fraud, waste, and abuse, and identify trends.
- **Cost-Effective Ownership:** Solutions that are inexpensive to modify and maintain over their lifecycle, with a focus on configuration over customization.
- Specific SNAP Reporting: Capability for robust tracking and reporting on SNAP Error Rates, including identification of common error causes and trends to support federal compliance and reduction efforts.
- **Proactive Fraud, Waste, and Abuse Prevention**: Robust tools and analytics to proactively detect, mitigate, and prevent fraud, waste, and abuse, improving program integrity and ensuring optimal use of resources.

The desired solution may manage eligibility determination, and, where applicable, case management and fraud, waste and abuse for the following programs and others as determined by the Department. The solution may be unified or component-based.

- Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) Eligibility & Case Management
- Disaster Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (DSNAP) Eligibility & Case Management
- Family Independence Temporary Assistance Program (FITAP) Eligibility
- Home and Community-Based Services (HCBS) Waivers Eligibility & Case Management
- Kinship Care Subsidy Program (KCSP) Eligibility
- Long-Term Care (LTC) Eligibility & Case Management (including Nursing Home Vendor Assignments)
- Louisiana Combined Application Project (LaCAP) Eligibility
- MAGI-based Medicaid Eligibility & Case Management
- Non-MAGI-based Medicaid Eligibility & Case Management
- SNAP Employment & Training (SNAP ENT) Eligibility
- SNAP SunBucks Eligibility & Case Management
- SSI-Related Medicaid Eligibility & Case Management
- Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Eligibility & Case Management
- Supportive Training & Employment Program (STEP) Eligibility

Questions

- 1. Which states or jurisdictions are seen as leaders in eligibility modernization or innovation, and why? What can Louisiana learn from their approaches?
- 2. What are the most critical early investments or decisions a state can make to ensure long-term sustainability and cost-effective operations post-implementation?
- 3. What procurement approaches (e.g., modular procurement, ecosystem RFPs, outcome-based contracting) have proven effective for states undertaking similar transformations?
- 4. Aside from transferring an integrated system from another state and customizing it, or customizing one of the state's existing eligibility systems, what other approaches could Louisiana adopt to migrate from the current systems to a coordinated enterprise?
- 5. What are the pros and cons of integrated "one system" solutions vs. modular or federated ecosystems, based on what you've seen across jurisdictions?
- 6. What functions could be stand-alone vs. needing to be tightly coupled and/or procured from the same source? (e.g. portals, verifications, business rules engine)
- 7. What are common pitfalls or barriers that states encounter when trying to modernize multiple eligibility and case management systems? How can they be avoided?
- 8. How have other states balanced the speed of delivery with the need for stability and quality? What iterative delivery approaches have worked well in complex benefit systems?
- 9. What are the most effective transition strategies you've seen when moving from legacy to modern eligibility systems, particularly when consolidating programs?
- 10. What innovative capabilities should Louisiana consider now to future-proof the system (e.g., digital assistants, predictive analytics, rules as code, no-code configuration tools)?
- 11. What are the top 3 innovations in the past 3-5 years that improve system performance, reduce system maintenance and enhancement costs, improve user experience, and/or drive process efficiency, and where have they been implemented?
- 12. What emerging technologies or methodologies in the eligibility system marketplace have proven most effective for proactively detecting fraud, waste, and abuse (FWA)?
- 13. Where can artificial intelligence and generative AI play a role in simplifying and streamlining benefit delivery?
- 14. In what ways is artificial intelligence (AI) or machine learning (ML) being used successfully in eligibility systems to proactively identify suspicious patterns or activities related to FWA?
- 15. In what ways can Al support a more efficient, accurate, and cost-effective transition of legacy code and data to a modern platform?
- 16. What trends in SaaS and PaaS platforms are enabling states to modernize faster, with less customization and lower overall costs?
- 17. What design choices (e.g., centralized vs. distributed intake, mobile-first vs. desktop-first design, layered vs. unified data models) have significant tradeoffs? What should Louisiana consider before deciding?
- 18. What are industry best practices for navigating the complexities and challenges of effectively utilizing the Federal Data Services Hub across multiple eligibility programs, particularly when managing policy restrictions around cross-program information access and usage?
- 19. What best practices or innovative models exist in the marketplace for cross-program data sharing, balancing efficiency, resident experience, and regulatory compliance, particularly in environments serving multiple health and human services programs?
- 20. What are the current best practices in reporting and analytics capabilities across eligibility and case management systems for managing and addressing FWA?

- 21. How are states and jurisdictions leveraging eligibility system integration with external data sources or crossagency data sharing to strengthen FWA detection capabilities? What best practices exist in this area?
- 22. What role does user-centered design play in large-scale eligibility systems today? What's the most effective way for Louisiana to involve residents and eligibility staff in design and testing?
- 23. From both an eligibility worker's efficiency perspective and a resident's access perspective, what are the most critical functional components of an eligibility system that should be combined with these programs?
- 24. How are states training and supporting eligibility workers during major system transitions to maintain productivity and morale?
- 25. What training strategies, staff development resources, or change management approaches are proving most effective for enhancing staff capacity to detect, manage, and mitigate FWA during significant system transitions?
- 26. What is your recommended approach for managing parallel operations during the transition to ensure continuity of service for residents and staff?
- 27. What does a mature, data-driven eligibility operation look like, and what capabilities or investments help states get there?
- 28. What lessons learned or best practices can you share from past statewide implementations, especially in multi-program environments?

Desired Technical Capabilities

Capabilities	Features
State Architecture & SSO	Compatibility with the Louisiana Office of Technology Services (OTS) guidelines. Integration with state enterprise architecture, SSO, and identity verification components.
Cloud-Based Solution	A fully cloud-based offering.
Scalability	Demonstrated ability to scale to meet the demands of a large state agency with varying caseloads and user volumes.
Security	Robust security features, data encryption (in transit and at rest), and adherence to federal and state data security and privacy regulations (e.g., HIPAA, IRS 1075, NIST guidelines). Compliance with FedRAMP, IAL2, and AAL2.
Performance & Reliability	High-performance system with minimal latency and quick response times for both staff and residents. A system that minimizes downtime, avoids reliance on batch jobs for critical processes, and reduces the need for extensive data fixes.
Configurable & Maintainable Architecture, Rules as Code Architecture	A low-code/no-code solution, highly configurable to meet Louisiana's specific program rules and operational needs without requiring extensive custom code development.
Leverage Commercial Off-the- Shelf (COTS) Tools	Uses reputable third-party COTS tools and subcomponents for standard functions (e.g., document processing, reporting engines) rather than custom-built or custom-coded components.
Ease of Modernization	Designed to be easily updated to integrate new technologies to remain modern over time.

Federal Compliance Demonstration	Supports federal requirements for the programs.
Transparency & Auditability	Complete transparency and ease of auditing by state and federal agencies.
Reliability & Uptime	High availability and disaster recovery capabilities with clearly defined service level agreements (SLAs).