## LOUISIANA USED MOTOR VEHICLE COMMISSION STATE OF LOUISIANA

REGULAR MEETING

MAY 16, 2011

BEGINNING AT 9:35 A.M.

3132 VALLEY CREEK
BATON ROUGE, LOUISIANA

REPORTED BY:
BETTY D. GLISSMAN, CCR

	F	age 3
1	ALSO PRESENT:	
2		
3	MS. KIM BARON	
4	MR. DEREK PARNELL	
5	MS. MONA ANDERSON	
6	MS. SHEILA JONES	
7	MR. DONALD MENDOZA	
8	MR. RICHIE KIRALY	
9	MR. CHRIS ARCERI	
10	MR. BRAD SAIA	
11	MR. COLLIN CASTILLE	
12		
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14		
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24		
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			Page 4
1	(PL)	EDGE OF ALLEGIANCE)	
2	MR.	POTEET:	
3		Kim, do you want to do the	
4	roll call?		
5	MS.	BARON:	
6		John Poteet?	
7	MR.	POTEET:	
8		Here.	
9	MS.	BARON:	
10		George Brewer?	
11	MR.	BREWER:	
12		Here.	
13	MS.	BARON:	
14		Louis Bourgeois?	
15	MR.	BOURGEOIS:	
16		Here.	
17	MS.	BARON:	
18		Tony Cormier?	
19	MR.	CORMIER:	
20		Here.	
21	MS.	BARON:	
22		Ron Duplessis?	
23	MR.	DUPLESSIS:	
.24		(No response.)	
25	MS.	BARON:	

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Page 5
 1
                     George Floyd?
 2
                MR. FLOYD:
                     Here.
                MS. BARON:
                     Kirby Roy?
                MR. ROY:
                     (No response.)
                MS. BARON:
                     Darty Smith?
10
                MR. SMITH:
11
                     (No response.)
12
                MS. BARON:
13
                     Douglas Turner?
14
                MR. TURNER:
15
                     Here.
16
                MS. BARON:
17
                     Mr. Chairman, we have a
18
     quorum.
19
                MR. POTEET:
20
                     Excellent.
21
                     All right. Do we have
22
     anything for public comments?
23
                MS. BARON:
24
                 We have several rent-to-own
25
     dealers, and Mr. Arceri from -- Mr. Arceri
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I second.

MR. POTEET:

24

- combined -- if you weren't here last month,
- we have combined the statement. We had
- multiple statements that had duplicate
- information. So we combined it into one
- easier to read statement.
- On Page 4 in the middle of
- the page, your revenue, the year-to-date
- <sup>8</sup> revenues were \$986,668, and that's slightly
- higher than year to date the year before.
- We have about \$134,000 remaining to meet the
- budgeted income over the next two months.
- Revenues for the remaining months last year
- totaled about \$80,000. So the budgeted
- revenue is probably going to come in a
- little high. The expenditures down in the
- next section of the report, the salaries
- were a little higher in April due to last
- year, we had an adjustment to realign the
- pay date, but the year-to-date total is
- lower than in 2010.
- Professional services are up
- for the month compared to last year, but,
- again, still significantly lower than -- I'm
- sorry, on -- let me back up a little bit.
- On Page 5, the operating services

- year-to-date total is down about \$18,000,
- but that's -- and that's significantly down
- from last year. Now, the professional
- services, the monthly total is up, but you
- $^{5}$  can see the year to date is far lower than
- it was the prior year.
- And on Page 6, your revenue
- over expenditures for the month was a
- $^9$  \$54,900 loss, but the year to date net is
- \$221,239 compared to the \$87,000 for last
- 11 year. If you will turn on to the revenue
- and expenditure comparison, you will see
- that same total there, that same net down at
- the bottom, \$221,239.
- On Page 8 is your certificate
- of deposit report. The Landmark Bank CD
- matured at the end of April and they were
- allowed to rollover at the same rate. No
- other institution on the State approved list
- even approached that rate. However,
- Landmark has advised us that the rate is
- going to be going down to 1.15. So you can
- look for it to be that or less at the next
- renewal. We will be looking at other rates
- for other banks for the renewal of the CDs,

- that Concordia will come up in July and as
- the footnote says, we are going to try to
- renew one of those on an annual basis, and
- then one of them to expire in October. So
- we will try to kind of get a spread of our
- 6 CD renewals.
- And on the last page of the
- financial report, the accounts receivable
- hearing balances are the same as they were
- last month, no change in those.
- Unless there are any
- questions, that concludes my report.
- MR. POTETT:
- Does anyone have any
- questions on the financial reports? Doug
- usually has questions.
- MR. TURNER:
- I don't have any questions.
- MS. ANDERSON:
- Thank 'you.
- MR. POTEET:
- Thank you, Mona.
- Do we need to get an approval
- of the financial statements? Generally, you
- <sup>25</sup> do.

- MR. BOURGEOIS: I make a motion to approve 3 the financials. MR. BREWER: I second the motion. б MR. POTEET: All in favor? (All "Aye" responses.) MR. POTEET: 10 The next thing we have is 11 legal matters and pending litigation. 12 first one is the Commission versus Sundance 13 Boats. 14 I quess, Mr. Hallack, is that 15 your --16 MR. HALLACK: 17 Yes, sir. As you remember, 18 we discussed this last week. We wanted some
- certified financial statements from Sundance
- Boats before we pass judgment on what type
- of offer we are going to make to them.
- Anyway, we didn't get any certified
- financial statements, but what he did send
- was income tax returns for 2008, 2009 and
- $^{25}$  2010. We sent those to Mona for her to

- analyze them and tell us what she thought
- about what he has. Thursday, he made an
- offer to pay the judgment for \$20,000, which
- $^4$  we would have to split with the dealer out
- <sup>5</sup> of Slidell.
- So, Mona, have you had an
- opportunity to look at those?
- MS. ANDERSON:
- Well, I did look at them. I
- was explaining to Derek, you know, looking
- at tax returns is not my field. I'm more of
- a management accountant, but, you know, if
- we could look at some certified financial
- statements and I could get you a better idea
- of what his ratios are and that type of
- thing. But what I see is that, you know, he
- is not too -- not fairing off too bad. It's
- hard to tell, because I can't see multiple
- years of accounts receivables. That's
- important in his business, but he definitely
- has a lot of debt and that's -- you know,
- I'm sure that mortgage is what -- you know,
- there is a problem there that is affecting
- his finances. I feel if we could see
- multiple years of certified financial

- statements from a CPA, then we could get a
- better picture of what kind of shape his
- business is in. Perhaps, Roy Hebert could
- give you a little bit more insight on the
- 5 tax returns. That's more his field, you
- know, he's a public accountant. So he could
- help you with that part, but overall it
- looks like a lot of debt to me.

## MR. HALLACK:

- My overview of it was that he
- did have a pretty good year in 2008, but
- 2009 and 2010 were pretty bad. He's got a
- lot of debt problem, but \$20,000 is not
- imaginable. It is not acceptable at all, I
- don't think. I think he can certainly come
- up with more. I think he paid his attorney
- more than that. So I would -- my
- recommendation would be that -- authorize us
- to begin some type of collection effort
- showing that -- again, that they are
- serious, and then he needs to treat this
- seriously. Otherwise, he is just going to
- play nickel and dime games with us.

## MR. POTEET:

25

Why did he -- I didn't get

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1
     the part about splitting it with the boat
 2
     dealer.
 3
               MR. HALLACK:
                    Yes. He said, "I've got
 5
     $20,000 I can put toward resolving this
     matter, but you are going to have to split
     that with the boat dealer." You remember,
     the boat dealer came in and said that he
     thought he had losses of about $13,000.
10
               MR. PARNELL:
11
                    $13,000.
12
               MR. POTEET:
13
                    So is the boat dealer suing
14
     him for the $13,000?
15
               MR. HALLACK:
16
                    No.
                         He has not sued him, but
17
     part of what the boat dealer's relief is in
18
     the judgment that we got.
19
               MR. POTEET:
20
                    Okay.
21
               MR.
                   HALLACK:
22
                    Remember, according to our
23
     law at the time, he was supposed to
24
     re-purchase the inventory. He did not and
25
     when he did not, he subjected himself to a
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1 penalty, but then there was one boat, I think he said, that was not paid off until 3 November of 2009. So he does owe the boat dealer based on the judgment that we 5 obtained against him. MR. POTEET: 7 Okay. So your recommendation is that we authorize a debt collection effort? 10 MR. HALLACK: 11 Yes. 12 MR. TURNER: 13 What type of collection? 14 MR. HALLACK: 15 Well, we are going to have to 16 retain a lawyer either in Florida or 17 Georgia. I understand he's got operations 18 in both states. But we can usually find 19 somebody that will do it on a contingency 20 basis, a percentage of the recovery. 21 think authorizing it would be -- from this 22 Board would be a step toward showing him 23 that we are not playing games with him. 24 MR. POTEET: 25 Should we counteroffer?

1	MR.	HALLACK:	
2		Well, Derek and I have talked	
3	about that, bu	ut we haven't really I mean,	
4	we didn't get	that offer.	
5	MR.	PARNELL:	
6		That was, like, Thursday.	
7	MR.	HALLACK:	
8		Late Thursday, yes.	
9	MR.	POTEET:	
10		I mean, what	
11	MR.	HALLACK:	
12		Well, we are going to make a	
13	counteroffer,	yes. I think he owes us	
14	basically arou	ind \$700,000.	
15	MR.	PARNELL:	
16		I think it was more like	
17	around \$350,00	00.	
18	MR.	POTEET:	
19		Well, that's a big number.	
20	MR.	PARNELL:	
21		It is about \$350,000 that the	
22	judgment would	d call for. If you remember,	
23		only thing he offered was just	
24		corneys fees, which was about	
25	\$5,000, and th	nen he came back this past	

- Thursday and wanted to offer 20 grand to
- split with the boat dealer. So Mr. Hallack
- and I were kind of discussing what we need
- 4 to do initially. You know, one thing that
- he did say when he came in here last is that
- basically -- I guess in a way he threatened
- to just go under, but, again, if he declared
- bankruptcy, there would be nothing that we
- 9 could do at that point, as I understand it
- to be. But, you know, we may need to
- counter. I don't know what number or what
- steps we need to go next.
- MR. POTEET:
- Do we need to -- I mean, you
- are authorized to make a counteroffer,
- right?
- MR. PARNELL:
- I don't know. Probably not.
- MR. HALLACK:
- I think that needs to be part
- of a motion, somebody make a motion that we
- authorize them to make a reasonable
- counteroffer based on their --
- MR. POTEET:
- And a collection effort?

1	MR. HALLACK:
2	And collection efforts, yes.
3	MR. POTEET:
4	Okay.
5	MR. BOURGEOIS:
6	I make that motion if we need
7	it.
8	MS. MORRIS:
9	The Attorney General's Office
10	was working on it and I don't know if they
11	have it up and running, but they were
12	working or a multi state collection
13	agreement among other attorneys and I think
14	the State of Georgia was one of the Attorney
15	Generals that they were working for. So you
16	might be able to work you would initially
17	try to want to contact the Attorney
18	General's Office and see if they have an
19	agreement with that state and see if they
20	would take the collection effort.
21	MR. HALLACK:
22	Mona, have you been in touch
23	with somebody?
24	MS. ANDERSON:
25	Well, I just kind of asked

- around about how the collection of that
- should be done. I did check a couple of --
- one local and one not local asset research
- dompany and it's expensive. But I did talk
- to the Office of the State Purchasing and
- they advised we should go through the
- <sup>7</sup> Attorney General's Office.
- MR. POTEET:
- 9 Our Attorney General's
- 10 Office?
- MS. MORRIS:
- Our State Attorney General
- would help us if it were a local account,
- but since we have to go across state lines
- 15 -- but I know that they were working with
- other Attorney Generals to get -- you know,
- if they would help here, the State of
- Georgia, that Georgia would help, that they
- were trying to set up agreements with other
- states.
- MR. POTEET:
- Kind of reciprocal.
- MS. MORRIS:
- I think that Georgia was one
- of the neutral states that they were looking

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1
     at, but I don't know if that's in place yet
     or what the terms of it are, but I think I
 3
     would start there as far as research.
                MR. POTEET:
                    Okay. Well, I quess we need
     a motion anyway to -- make a motion --
     somebody needs to make a motion that we make
     a counteroffer and to begin a collection
     effort, I guess with --
10
                MR. BOURGEOIS:
11
                    I make that motion.
12
                MR. CORMIER:
13
                    Second.
14
                MR. TURNER:
15
                    What is the counteroffer
16
     going to be, do we need to discuss that?
17
                MR. POTEET:
18
                    Do we need to have that in --
19
                MS. MORRIS:
20
                    You might want to have some
21
     parameters.
22
                MR. BREWER:
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he will be satisfied if he gets \$10,0000,

The dealer, as I understood,

23

24

25

right?

1	MR. POTEET:
2	I guess he would be satisfied
3	with \$13,000.
4	MR. BOURGEOIS:
5	That leaves us
6	MR. BREWER:
7	But that wasn't all total
8	losses, the way I understood it, he was
9	looking for a little something extra there.
10	MR. PARNELL:
11	Yes. He did mention
12	something actually came up, I think, like
13	\$21,000 or something, if I'm not mistaken,
14	but he said I think what I gathered
15	from his conversation was that he ultimately
16	will be satisfied with \$13,000, but that
17	I mean, that's really nowhere near where
18	MR. POTEET:
19	Well, before we make the
20 -	motion, I think Doug made a suggestion we
21	have some parameters, or somebody said
22	something about parameters, on the offer.
23	Does anybody have any ideas
24	onthat?
25	MR. TURNER:

I second it.

our agenda is the James March, that's the

Midcity Auto Sales situation.

24

- 1 Derek, if you want to talk 2 about that a little bit. 3 MR. PARNETT: Yes. Just kind of briefly, I just kind of want to update you-all on what is going on with that. Recently -- well, around March 22, I had Attorney Hallack submit to him a certified letter just basically letting him know that we hadn't 10 heard anything from him in the past 30 days, 11 that we did go after the bond to recover 12 some of the fines that were out there,
- \$20,000 of that, also that we gave him five days to respond before collection efforts took place for the remainder of that balance, which was \$2,750.

17 Since then, we did hear from 18 the bond company and they actually denied 19 the bond from us basically stating that they 20 didn't feel that the bond could be used for 21 any fines. We did respond back to them with 22 a letter stating our statute -- the whole 23 statute. They actually kind of took half of 24 it and stated that they couldn't do it and 25 once we submitted that back to them, we

- haven't heard anything yet from them. I
- just kind of wanted to give an update on
- exactly what was going on with that, because
- there were some funds that were out there
- $^{5}$  that you could see on our A/R report that we
- haven't recovered as of yet. As an update,
- I just wanted to make sure you knew what was
- <sup>8</sup> going on.
- MR. TURNER:
- Are we legally entitled to
- the \$20,000 bond?
- MR. PARNELL:
- We are, yes.
- MR. BOURGEOIS:
- That's what bonds are about.
- MR. PARNELL:
- Well, it does state in there
- about -- I think you have a copy -- I think
- 19 I submitted in your packet in this section a
- copy of the letter that we sent back to
- them. It's in Revised Statute 32:791(G)(C),
- which underlines related to penalties and
- hearing costs. All bonds shall be with the
- commercial surety authorized to do business
- in the state, which bond shall be approved

- by the Commission and payable to the State
- of Louisiana through the Commission and
- shall be conditioned upon faithful
- observance of all laws regulated by the
- 5 Commission, included but not limited to laws
- relating to penalties and hearing costs.
- <sup>7</sup> Initially, when they submitted it to us and
- denied it, they didn't list that part of the
- statute at all. They just -- the latter
- part of the statute is the only thing that
- they put with it. So we just wanted to
- correct them on that and -- whereas, it's
- actually -- we can receive the penalties and
- hearing costs.
- MR. BREWER:
- They are not doing business
- anymore, are they?
- MR. PARNELL:
- No, they are the not. They
- have been out of business probably about two
- months now. Shortly after the hearing that
- we had, they have been out of business, but
- we were still getting complaints from a lot
- of people that they had some issues with on
- and on and they listed -- we listed that --

- some of that information is in the document,
- you know. The bond company did speak with
- him. What he told them, I don't know, and
- that was initially why they denied it. So
- 5 as a note, I just wanted you-all to know
- what was going on with that process.

## MR. POTEET:

- So at this point in time, we
- are just waiting to hear back from the bond
- company?
- MR. PARNELL:
- From the bond company, yes,
- because we still need to maybe go forward
- with some kind of collection of that -- the
- $^{15}$  \$2,000 -- the \$2,750 that they owe us that
- the bond will not cover. So we may have to
- do some collection efforts to obtain that
- amount.
- MR. POTEET:
- Did everybody get a chance to
- read his letter?
- MR. CORMIER:
- How do you feel about the
- \$2,750?
- MR. PARNELL:

1	Whether he should pay it
2	MR. CORMIER:
3	Has he paid it?
4	MR. PARNELL:
5	He has made no attempt to
6	MR. BOURGEOIS:
7	What are the chances of
8	collecting it?
9	MR. PARNELL:
10	He is completely opposed to
11	it, you know. So, I don't know, I don't
12	know.
13	MR. HALLACK:
14	Supposedly, he is very sick.
15	MR. BOURGEOIS:
16	I say we get our \$20,000 and
17	be happy. Plus, we can file, what do you
1.8	call it, keep it on credit for a year.
19	MR. HALLACK:
20	I mean, we can file a
21	judgment.
22	MR. BOURGEOIS:
23	Is that worth it?
24	MR. HALLACK:
25	Probably not.

1 MR. POTEET: 2 Do you have any 3 recommendations, Mr. Hallack? MR. HALLACK: 5 Well, I don't think we waive it right now. Like I said --7 MR. POTEET: 8 Wait and see what happens. MR. HALLACK: 10 In the past, what we have 11 done is we relied upon the investigator to 12 try to find out what's going on. 13 instance, if we had a dealer who went to 14 work making good money, and then we tried to 15 execute and enforce the judgment, but if 16 they are sick like this man supposedly is --17 and if y'all remember from the hearing, he 18 didn't look too good. So, I mean, it's just 19 -- I don't think we should take any action 20 on it now. We can put it on accounts 21 receivable for a little while. 22 And just to let you know, the 23 bond statute was changed or amended in 2007 24 to include the hearing costs and penalty

language. So it's something a lot of bond

- companies -- unless we filed a claim against
- them before for that, they are probably not
- $^{3}$  used to yet, even though it was done in
- <sup>4</sup> 2007. So if we have never gone to this bond
- 5 company for hearing costs and penalties
- before, they are probably not used to it.
- MR. PARNELL:
- <sup>8</sup> And this is a bond company
- that we don't necessarily use a lot.
- MS. BARON:
- I don't think we have used
- them for hearing costs since that.
- MR. POTEET:
- Go ahead, I'm sorry.
- MR. HALLACK:
- So they weren't really
- disobeying the law, they just probably
- weren't familiar with it.
- MR. POTEET:
- I notice that their letter
- was dated May 5. Your letter back to them
- is dated May 10. So it's only the 16th.
- We'll probably be hearing from them.
- MR. PARNELT:
- Yes, this was fairly

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1
     recently.
 2
                MR. POTEET:
 3
                    Any other questions or
     discussions about that situation?
                     (No response.)
 6
                MR. POTEET:
 7
                     I do have one question.
 8
     said that there were some things that have
 9
                They are out of business now,
     come up.
10
     right?
11
                MR. PARNETI:
12
                    Yes.
13
                MR. POTEET.
1.4
                     So if he is out of business,
15
     we still have people making complaints.
16
                MR. PARNELL:
17
                    Yes.
1.8
                MR. POTEET:
19
                    How do we handle that?
20
                MS. BARON:
21
                    Well, these people that were
22
     mentioned in this letter were complainants
23
     before he went out of business.
                                         The ones
24
     that are calling in now, we are referring
25
     them to Civil Court, because there's nothing
```

- $^{1}\,$  that we can do at this point. So those that
- are calling in after the fact and after the
- <sup>3</sup> fact that they have been revoked and they
- are no longer in business, I refer them to
- 5 Civil Court. But the ones that are on this
- $^{6}$  letter that Mr. Hallack sent to Midcity are
- the ones that were on the books already that
- he owed them back part of their deposit and
- he is refusing, he gave them half or a
- portion of it instead of the whole deposit
- that he had collected.
- MR. POTEET:
- Okay.
- MR. HALLACK:
- 15 It's my understanding that
- his license was revoked for abandonment,
- 17 right?
- MS. BARON:
- Yes.
- MR. HALLACK:
- He abandoned his dealership.
- MS. BARON:
- If I'm not mistaken, that was
- done in March.
- MR. POTEET:

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1
                   Okay.
               MR.
                   PARNELL:
 3
                   Yes, shortly after his
    hearing.
 5
               MR. POTEET:
 6
                   All right. Anything else on
     that, on Midcity?
               MR. HATLACK:
                   Well, the one thing that we
10
     probably need to make sure is that if the
1.1
     bond company doesn't pay us the $20,000,
12
     that we make some kind of effort to collect
13
     it legally. I mean, we sued the bond
14
     company before.
15
               MR. POTEET:
16
                    I mean, I don't see any
17
     reason that the bond company would want to
18
     get this letter. Once you send that letter
19
     back to them, they are going to probably
20
     review that and go over it with their
21
     attorneys.
22
               MR. HALLACK:
23
                    They should.
24
               MR. BOURGEOIS:
25
                    Do we have provisions for
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This is discussion of the two

is Item D.

- year licensing.
- MR. PARNELL:
- Commissioners, we have been
- looking at different methods to improve our
- efficiency and productivity during the
- frenewal period. After further research, it
- is my belief that a two year licensing
- method is the best means to achieve our
- goals, one of which is if we can have all of
- our dealers on a two year renewal cycle. A
- couple of months back, I kind of gave you a
- 12 handout.
- 13 If you will turn in your
- policy and procedure section, I have a
- little chart, a territory district map. It
- kind of shows you exactly -- these are
- numbers that are actual as of -- effective
- $^{18}$  May 1, 2011. The first chart is your
- territory district map with the licensed
- dealers per parish. If you look at the top
- section, the first list of numbers by your
- districts is the total number of licensed
- dealers per district. The number in
- 24 parentheses is the number of parishes per
- district. We do have five districts and

- what I want to do and what I broke out at
- the bottom, if you notice at the bottom, I
- wanted the numbers to kind of equal out in
- $^4$  relation to the two groups that we want to
- $^{5}$  do the renewals for. So versus -- well,
- this time I did Districts 1, 2 and 3, which
- is 1,449 actual dealers versus our Districts
- $^{8}$  4 and 5, which is 1,259 dealers.
- This year during the renewal
- period, it's going to be still pretty hectic
- for us. To digress a little bit, we did
- move forward with the server. So we should
- have our upgrades up in place with CAVU.
- How much will that help remains to be seen.
- We know it's supposed to help us on the
- renewals even as it relates to online
- renewing, but there are still some questions
- that we have that are out there in relation
- to how would it really affect it
- significantly when we get to our renewals.
- If you look at the bottom of the page, this
- year -- in 2012, both groups, Districts 1
- through 5, will renew this year. In 2013 --
- this year, what I would need to do is get
- communication out, within the next 30 days

- $^{1}$  or so, I need to really finalize all of the
- <sup>2</sup> administrative side, exactly how we are
- going to facilitate the two year licenses.
- I have to get communication
- $^{5}$  out to the dealers in a timely fashion to
- let them know what the plan is. Districts 4
- $^{7}$  and 5 of this renewal period, we would like
- to have them go to a two year renewal. This
- year -- the next time for renewal would be
- 2014. Whereas, Districts 1, 2, and 3, they
- would renew this year for a one year license
- and in 2013, renew for a two year license.
- So by the time we get to the year 2015,
- every year we will have half of our dealers
- or almost half of our dealers renewing
- annually for two year licenses.
- This method, it gets -- after
- the research that I did, talking to
- different agencies, they tried to do a
- staggered method where they had quarterly
- renewals, but that doesn't work well if you
- have overlap. It works really well if you
- can get it all done in a timely fashion, but
- being that our staff is very limited, I
- think that the two year would be -- it would

- behoove us to move in that direction and
- that's the direction that I'm trying to gear
- <sup>3</sup> up for and to go to. The initial first
- 4 chart that you see, the licensed dealers per
- 5 parish, it just shows us that each parish --
- it shows the actual number of licensed
- dealers that's out there. The second chart
- shows the numeric district breakdown, if you
- $^9$  see 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, that's basically what
- that is.
- So I will still need to get
- out some form of communication. I don't
- know if I need to do mass mailing, which I
- will probably have to do. One thing I
- wanted to get away from was doing a mass
- mailing, but we still don't have enough
- e-mails. I can send out e-mails, but we
- still get a lot in return coming back. One
- of the main things that I think we are
- trying to work on is our renewal process. I
- know that was a major goal for Chairman
- Poteet, and he and I talked about this, and
- I think collectively as a whole, this is a
- huge concern, a huge problem, that we've
- really got to streamline and make more

- efficient. So this is what I want to look
- $^2$  at. This is what I'm going to do. Like I
- $^{3}$  said, in the next 30 days, I'm going to
- finalize some of the administrative side,
- exactly how we are going to do it, and go
- ahead and try to get communication out to
- the dealers so we can move forward.
- MR. POTEET:
- <sup>9</sup> Actually, in 2014 --
- MR. PARNELL:
- 2014, I'm sorry. You're
- right.
- MR. POTEET:
- -- is when it really helps
- out.
- Does anybody -- all of you
- current dealers in here, do you like this
- 18 idea?
- MR. BREWER:
- Absolutely.
- MR. TURNER:
- Yes, absolutely.
- MR. POTEET:
- Any discussion with any of
- your other constituents, does anybody have

- anything negative to say about that?
- MR. TURNER:

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I think that anything that streamlines the process and makes it such a -- not worrying at the end of the year and everybody worrying about it, I think that would take a lot of pressure off of things.

## MR. PARNELL:

T know the initial concern 10 was with dealer plates, how would they 11 coordinate with us. I think they are moving 12 to a new system versus the Mapper system 13 that we have now and they can actually put 14 dates in now versus where they couldn't 15 before, but I think this year -- I think 16 they still want to stay annual with their 17 dealer plates. They say that's a mess for 18 them to actually track what plates are out 19 there.

She mentioned to me that we have some that have, like, maybe four or five salesmen, but they have 25 plates out there and they say it kind of gets out of hand for them and for them to do it annually, it would remain the same as our

- last discussion probably about a month or so
- ago. When was that? That's what they were
- told. That's what they told us, that that
- would change. So we would just have to let
- them know, okay, this group is going for two
- years on this date and the next renewal date
- is here, and the dealers themselves would
- still have to get -- annually, get their
- dealer plates from Motor Vehicles.
- MR. POTEET:
- I think the issue -- we
- talked about this before, if we went to a
- staggered period, it wouldn't match up with
- the dealer plates, but doing this shouldn't
- be a problem.
- MR. TURNER:
- Maybe if we are going to do a
- mass mailing, we ought to put some kind of
- request in their mailing for a real e-mail
- for every dealer.
- MR. PARNELL:
- Yes, yes.
- MR. POTEET:
- A requirement.
- MR. PARNELL:

```
1
                    I know last year -- we
 2
     started that last year, trying to get --
 3
     with the packet that we sent out for
     renewal, we requested from everyone, make
     sure we have a valid e-mail address but,
     again, we do need to step up our efforts.
                                                  Τ
     have told them every time they talk to
     somebody on the phone, go ahead and get an
     e-mail address, whatever they are calling
10
     about, just get it in so in a year we won't
11
     have a lot of issues. We did send out a
12
     mass e-mail last year, but half of those
13
     came back non-deliverable.
14
                   But the great thing is that
15
     we talked with our IT person, we kind -- he
16
     kind of discussed what he did with another
17
             I don't know if we can jump to that
     agency.
18
     here, I would like to but, what he did was,
19
     he was able -- they've got their own server.
20
     They have some more flexibility versus going
21
     with the Cloud method, where you are kind of
22
     locked in to how they want to word it.
23
                   We kind of talked about
24
     creating e-mail addresses for our dealers,
25
    basically create an e-mail address.
                                          We send
```

- them a communication letter saying
- everything that we are going to do, we are
- going to communicate with you through this
- $^4$  e-mail address and on our website. That
- would give them the opportunity to not say,
- 6 okay, I don't have an e-mail address. This
- is an actual e-mail address. It's not going
- to come back undeliverable. We will have a
- set up on the website where they can go log
- in to the website and actually pull up
- their, I quess, account, their dealer
- number, and kind of look at their status,
- see what is going on with it and possibly
- print out their license and that stuff.
- Like I said, there are some
- administrative things we've kind of got to
- really fine tune. The idea is what really
- drew me to going with that method, because I
- think that it will really helped us out long
- term if we are really going with the e-mails
- as far as the mail outs, because that's too
- costly to keep -- it just doesn't work as
- well. I'm trying to make sure that our
- website is updated regularly. We've still
- got to work on that end, too, to make sure

- it's updated and the information that we get
- out, we get it out in a timely fashion so
- that everyone can get it. But that's the
- <sup>4</sup> plan. That's the direction we are going in.
- 5 So the next 30 days, I'm going to have
- finalized the administrative side, how --
- What we are going to do and try to start
- getting communication out.

## MR. POTEET:

- All right. The next thing is
- the Executive Director's report. So I guess
- 12 you're still on.

9

- MR. PARNELL:
- It's kind of short this time.
- This time, I really got the complaint side,
- review of the complaint totals. If you turn
- with me to your complaint totals in your
- handouts. If you notice, the first item is
- the alleged issue count. Currently, for the
- month of April, there were a total of
- alleged issues, 117. The largest number was
- refunds. The second number of 39,
- non-delivery of title, was 22. The refunds
- were pretty large this month in that area,
- because I think 22 of them were with the --

- I think it was AAA. Was it a salvage yard?
- No. They were a used parts dealer. They
- did a lot of stuff.

б

- MS. BARON:
- <sup>5</sup> AAA and Best Buy.
  - MR. PARNELL:
- What they did was, they had a
- lot of issues with their consumers, and so
- they had to refund a lot of money back. So
- we had sent the investigator out there and
- it was like 22 separate days so that's why
- that 39 is pretty high on the refund side
- and they pretty much honor all of that and
- refund those funds back. We are talking
- about maybe \$200, \$300 per complaint. So
- they actually jumped in and took care of the
- issues without really having any issues from
- us, because they, of course -- well, they
- claim they didn't know that what they were
- doing was incorrect. Once they investigated
- and got out there, they were fine.
- The second item is just our
- case reports for the month of April. If you
- notice, in assigned cases, 101 assigned in
- <sup>25</sup> April. Twenty-five cases were closed in

- <sup>1</sup> April, which leaves about 76 cases remaining
- open. It kind of ties into the next page of
- the department summary for the month of
- <sup>4</sup> April. As of 5/16/2011, there were a total
- of 49 cases that were closed in the month of
- <sup>6</sup> April.
- And the last item is April
- <sup>8</sup> 12, 2010 in comparison between April 2010
- <sup>9</sup> and April 2011. For the cases that we have
- worked and the investigator that is actually
- working that case, this month -- well, April
- is 89, but if -- that number kind of
- coordinates with the second report minus the
- claims against surety and the hearing
- violations. If you take those out, it will
- equal that 89 where you see 101 on that
- part. That concludes the complaints portion
- of my presentation.
- Do you have any concerns or
- questions?
- MR. POTEET:
- Does anyone have any
- <sup>23</sup> questions?
- Where was AAA, where are they
- located?

- MR. PARNELL:
- I think they were in north
- 3 Louisiana, the Monroe area.
  - MS. BARON:
- <sup>5</sup> Monroe or Shreveport. It
- 6 might have been Shreveport, either West
- <sup>7</sup> Monroe or Shreveport.
- MR. POTEET:
- Well, let's see. The next
- thing in here is the Legislative Committee.
- Ron is not here.
- Derek?
- MR. PARNETIT:
- I will kind of go into it. I
- think we have a lot of guests here today.
- This is something that I think is kind of
- reflective of what's going on with the
- session, right now. House Bill 400, it was
- authored -- well, not authored by -- but
- Representative Cortez is the one that did
- the presentation on it. This provides with
- respect to the automobile liability
- insurance for rental dealers. We all know
- that the contingent liability insurance has
- been a concern for the past couple of years.

- Last year, if you recall, we kind of fought
- one insurance agency from trying to narrow
- the statute to really create a monopoly.
- 4 This is something that we definitely were
- $^{5}$  opposed to last year, and so this year, we
- 6 -- what we did last year, we fought with
- them to keep the statute the way it's
- written.
- Currently, we do have 87
- licensed dealers with rent-to-own. Four of
- those dealers, according to statute,
- currently don't have what -- have insurance
- from an admitted carrier. The main concern
- $^{14}$  was that the last statement, the last line,
- if you will turn with me to the House Bill
- 400, not the first item, that is House Bill
- 400, but the last document that -- Revised
- Statute 32:793 is the current law. I think
- the last -- the last line is really where
- much of the concern came from, which is such
- policy shall be placed, if available, with
- an insurance company licensed by and
- admitted in the State of Louisiana.
- What happened this year in
- the Session with House Bill -- I think Mr.

- Castille, he is a dealer that really -- he's
- probably one of the larger dealers that deal
- with rent-to-own options. So I believe he
- reached out to his state reps in the area
- and they crafted some language with House
- Bill 400 that would actually -- in lieu of
- having to have the bond -- I'm sorry, in
- lieu of having to have the admitted coverage
- from the insurance company for a contingent
- liability, they put a clause in there about
- having a bond \$150,000. This gave an
- option, but once we went to the Commerce
- Committee for a hearing, there was some
- opposition from the other side, and then,
- you know, the representatives on that
- committee, they -- I don't think they really
- kind of understood the insurance language.
- So they resubmitted it to the Insurance
- Committee. It went to the Insurance
- Committee a couple of weeks ago.
- Robert Hallack and I went
- down there, and they made an amendment to
- the bill -- Representative Cortez made an
- amendment to the bill, which kind of changed
- it, again. Whereas, it wouldn't have --

- they took the bond out of it completely
- because of the opposition that they were
- <sup>3</sup> getting. I say because of the opposition.
- I don't know what the actual reason was.
- $^5$  They took the bond completely out of the
- statute -- the proposed statute and they had
- it where you can go with a non-admitted
- 6 company as long they were, I think, a B-plus
- <sup>9</sup> rating or greater. At that time, through
- the Insurance Committee there was no
- opposition. It was a surprise to some of
- us, to say the least, that they didn't have
- any opposition at that time, but we kind of
- 14 felt that once it did get to the House floor
- for debate, there would be.
- So I went last week and was
- sitting in the back and I was just sitting
- there and one of the lobbyists, he came and
- sat next to me. I immediately asked him,
- okay, what is the amendment that you guys
- are going to put on this bill and he kind of
- started laughing about it and he said, well,
- we do have one. So they did change the
- bill, again.

25

They say that they went in

- and made it reflect the same as it did, the
- current statute, but it really doesn't do
- $^3$  that. And what I want to do -- I have Mr.
- 4 Castille, he was asked and I have some
- $^{5}$  various other people that are here from the
- industry themselves that kind of want to
- kind of voice some concerns about the bill
- and what's been going on in the Legislature.
- <sup>9</sup> I would like to ask Mr. Castille, because he
- was the -- one of the driving forces behind
- House Bill 400 with Representative Cortez,
- to kind of speak on what their initial goals
- were and what's going on, now.
- MR. POTEET:
- We have a few people here.
- MR. PARNELL:
- I know Mr. Castille is here
- and Chris Arceri is here.
- MS. BARON:
- Donald Mendoza is here.
- MR. PARNELL:
- Donald Mendoza.
- MR. POTEET:
- So all of these people want
- to speak?

1 MR. PARNELL: I don't know who --MR. CASTILLE: I don't believe so. MR. PARNETT: б Mr. Arceri would like to, if necessary. Initially, I know Mr. Castille wants to speak and I know Mr. Arceri wants to speak. 10 MR. POTEET: 11 State your names for the 12 record. 13 MR. CASTILLE: 14 My name is Collin Castille. 15 MR. ARCERI: 16 Chris Arceri, Arceri & 17 Associates. 18 MR. POTEET: 19 If there's anybody else that 20 wants to speak we can get that later. 21 Okay. Mr. Castille. 22 MR. PARNELL: 23 Mr. Hallack, he has been with 24 me down there quite a bit. I don't know if 25 you want to comment on -- now or if he wants

- to wait and see what they have to say first.

  MR. CASTILLE:

  My name is Collin Castille.
- 4 I'm a rental dealer and I know that there
- s are not very many -- I don't believe there
- <sup>6</sup> are any rental dealers on the Commission, or
- if there are, there are few. So you don't
- have to deal with these contingent liability
- issues, but I know that if you are a
- licensed dealer, you have to deal with
- garage liability issues. So let me --
- imagine if you know that you need to have
- garage liability -- a garage liability
- policy and you go out to Lloyds of London,
- the single largest highest rated insurance
- carrier in the world, and you get a policy
- from them, this garage liability policy, and
- it is -- and your premium is \$35,000 with
- them, \$35,000, but later you find out
- because of one word in the law that you
- can't use Lloyds of London, that there are
- only two insurance companies that you can go
- to, and the only way to get to those
- insurance companies, to have access to them,
- is to join an organization.

1 All right. There are two 2 organizations. So one of them wants to charge you \$480,000 to have access to the insurance. That's not buying the insurance That's to have access to the policy. At that point, then you can buy insurance. the insurance. Okay. The other one wants to charge you \$240,000. These two companies know that they are the only two companies 10 that you can go to. Okay. That's the 11 situation I'm in right now, but it gets 12 worse, because then the organizations 13 require you to sign a contract. 14 contract requires that if you ever leave 15 them and try to get insurance somewhere 16 else, let's say that one does become 17 available that you don't have to join an 18 organization, the contract says that you 19 have to leave the business for two years. 20 You have to sign a non-compete clause simply 21 to gain access to the insurance that's 22 required of us by the Commission. 23 It gets worse, because what 24 happens then is, you find out that you are 25 required to have this contingent liability

- policy, but many, many of your competitors
- that are licensed in other ways are not
- required at all to have this contingent
- 4 liability. Well, I'm saying -- in this
- situation, I'm using garage liability, but
- what we are really talking about is
- ontingent liability. You find out that all
- of your competitors are not required to have
- <sup>9</sup> that and that you are not playing on a level
- playing field because of that. That one
- word in the statute, that "admitted", that's
- what has created this problem and that's why
- I'm in the situation that I'm in now.
- Now, I know that a lot of you
- don't know what contingent liability is and
- I kind of want to go over it a second. It's
- not something that a normal sane person
- would talk about at the dinner table, you
- 19 know. So it's a little bit -- something
- that you might not know about. There is a
- misconception that this type insurance
- covers the negligence of a driver. It
- doesn't cover the negligence of a driver.
- GMAC has hundreds of thousands of leases and
- $^{25}$  if one of those lessees were to get in a

- wreck, be drunk, run a red light, GMAC is not responsible.
- So there's even a federal law

  called the Graves Amendment and if you look

  at the second page there, it specifically

  states that this bill was passed -- this law

  was passed in 2005, and it states that a

  business renting or leasing vehicles shall

  not be liable for damages that result from
- the negligence of a driver during the lease or rental period.
- 12 Now, originally, I think the 13 Used Motor Vehicle Commissioners, their idea 14 in having contingent liability was they 15 wanted to have a policy that if the driver's 16 policy lapsed or cancelled, that they would 17 still have some insurance to fall back on. 18 They said contingent liability. Well, 19 contingent liability policies, all of them that I've ever seen, simply don't cover the
- that I've ever seen, simply don't cover the negligence of a driver. So these policies don't cover what the Commission originally
- intended them to. They wanted us to have a
- certain insurance. The contingent liability
- that we are required to have doesn't even

- cover those scenarios. Okay.
- Now, why are we as rental
- dealers required to have the contingent
- liability? GMAC is not compelled to get
- 5 contingent liability. Ford Motor Credit
- isn't. Toyota isn't. All of the big auto
- manufacturers, their financing arms are not
- required to have contingent liability. A
- 9 motor vehicle lessor, which is licensed
- under a different body, it's not the -- I
- don't know which one it is, but --
- MS. BARON:
- New Car Commission.
- MR. CASTILLE:
- They are not required to have
- contingent liability. It's only us 87
- dealers that are required to have contingent
- liability and out of the thousands and
- thousands and thousands of cars on the road
- right now in Louisiana, very few of those
- leases originated from companies that are
- required to have contingent liability. The
- vast majority of them aren't covered by
- contingent liability.

25

A big problem with the way

- the law is written right now is like I told
- you, that you must use a state admitted
- insurance company and as of now, like I told
- you, there's only two and you have to go
- through either SEADRA or Rent-T-Own to have
- 6 access to those. SEADRA's cost -- if I were
- to join SEADRA, if I were to join their
- organization, it would cost me over 14 times
- 9 more to gain the policy than if I simply
- went to Lloyds of London, the single largest
- highest rated insurance company in the world
- 12 -- and I have a quote and Chris here is the
- agent that is helping me. If I went to
- Rent-T-Own, it would be over seven times
- what it would cost me to get it from Lloyds
- of London. Okay.
- Now, what they claim is that
- with this fee that they charge you, they
- don't say that that's what the insurance
- costs, because they can't. They can't
- charge you \$480,000 for a policy that costs
- \$35,000. It would be illegal. So what they
- do is, they say that it's a fee, the
- \$480,000 is a fee, and what you get from the
- fee is some things that they may do for you,

- okay, some light paperwork that can be
- handled by someone in your office in half a
- day, but that's how they justify charging me
- \$480,000.
- 5 What they do is insurance
- tracking and I've seen -- they track to make
- sure that your customers have insurance.
- And I have seen their tracking procedure. I
- mean, it's got more holes in it than a big
- box of donuts. It's pathetic. My tracking
- procedure is much more thorough, much more
- robust, and it's much more effective.
- I want to go back to the
- contract clause where -- let's see. There
- is a non-compete clause in there. Now, why
- to gain access to insurance am I required to
- sign a non-compete clause? Okay. Now, you
- may think that -- you know, they say that
- non-compete clauses aren't that effective
- possibly and that there's ways to get around
- them. Well, somebody did try to get around
- them. One of SEADRA's members was sued for
- leaving -- trying to leave SEADRA. In
- Southeast Auto Dealers Rentals Association,
- that's SEADRA, versus Easy Rent-to-Own, the

- judge ruled that Easy Rent-to-Own shall not
- solicit any customers of any SEADRA licensee
- or any of Easy's former customers. So this
- man that owned Easy Rent-to-Own, he tried to
- $^{5}$  leave. He was not able to solicit his own
- 6 customers. SEADRA thinks that their -- your
- customers -- once you join their
- organization, they think that your customers
- are their customers, and if you ever leave
- them, you can't solicit them. It makes --
- it's ridiculous and it's not something that
- you should have to deal with when going to
- get insurance. SEADRA won that case and do
- you know why they won, because Easy
- Rent-to-Own, they signed the contract.
- I don't want to be forced to
- have to sign a contract like that. These
- are not normal insurance practices that
- SEADRA and Rent-T-Own are doing. SEADRA is
- not acting like a regular admitted carrier
- that we are required to have. Non-competes
- just simply aren't part of the insurance
- industry. The clause, it binds you to them
- for as long as you want to be a rental
- dealer, because if you ever leave them, you

- will be sued and have to leave the business,
- give your license back to you guys, and not
- be a dealer for two years.
- Another clause that SEADRA
- <sup>5</sup> has, and this is the one that I believe is
- $^6$  the most bizarre, is once you do decide to
- leave them -- the fee that you pay per car
- is \$20 per car per month. Okay. If you
- leave them, they are no longer insuring your
- cars under the contingent liability, but all
- of a sudden, all of leases that you had --
- that you originated while you were with
- them, that \$20 fee per month becomes
- immediately due. So if I have 1,000 cars
- that I originated leases under SEADRA and
- there was an average of let's say a year
- left in those contracts, the moment I leave
- SEADRA, I owe them \$240,000, because those
- payments become accelerated.
- I should have the option to
- do business with an insurance provider that
- acts like an insurance provider, that simply
- provides insurance for a premium, and
- there's a lot of strong non-admitted
- $^{25}$  companies that we -- if the law was

- different, we would have access to that we don't have, right now.
- The bill, House Bill 400,
- 4 addresses these issues and tries to give us
- 5 a more level playing field and a chance to
- do -- to get the insurance that is required
- of us. I believe that if the Commission
- that originally was sitting when this bill
- was passed, I believe that if they had known
- that there would be companies that put up
- scam monetary road blocks to the only
- carriers allowed charging you seven or
- thirteen times the amount of the insurance
- premium itself simply to have access to the
- insurance, they would have never agreed to
- allowing only admitted carriers. If they
- had known that rental dealers were forced to
- sign non-compete simply to have access to
- that insurance, they wouldn't have made it
- $^{20}$  to where it was only admitted carriers.
- If they would have known that
- one of these organizations that we are
- forced to join would be active legislatively
- and making it even more difficult to get the
- insurance that we need and make -- and try

- to create a monopoly, I don't believe that
- they would have only allowed admitted
- 3 carriers.
- I also believe that if the
- 5 Graves Amendment that states that we are not
- for the negligence of our
- drivers, I believe if that was in place at
- the time that the Commission -- when this
- law was passed, I don't think they would
- have required us to have this insurance, and
- if they would have known today what you guys
- know today, that every other automotive
- lease originator in the state, all of them
- except us 87 dealers, are not required to
- have contingent liability, they wouldn't
- have made it to where it was only admitted
- carriers. They may have made it that we
- don't have to have it at all. They would
- have created a lot more level playing field
- and this bill gives us a level playing
- field.
- The opponents of this bill,
- and I only saw one and that's SEADRA,
- SEADRA's lobbyist, he will say that it's for
- the protection of the public that we have

- this insurance. That's what they keep
- saying, protection of the public. It has to
- be an admitted carrier. That's the only way
- the public can be protected. What they
- won't tell you is that 90 percent of all the
- risks in Louisiana, 90 percent of all of the
- risks in Louisiana, is insured by a
- non-admitted company, 90 percent. Now, if
- the Louisiana -- if Louisiana -- if the
- Governor thought that only admitted carriers
- could protect the public, why is he allowing
- 12 \_ 90 percent of all of risks in Louisiana
- being covered by non-admitted companies? It
- makes no sense that only an admitted company
- $^{15}$  can protect the public. I think I'm
- 16 . finished there. That's about it.
- MR. POTEET:
- That's a lot of information.
- MR. CASTILLE:
- I know it is and I apologize.
- I tried to whittle it down the best I could,
- but it's a complicated issue and I wanted to
- be as clear and concise about it as I could
- to let you understand how -- I know --
- Director Parnell said that there's only four

- of us that don't have an admitted carrier.
- Okay. So it doesn't look like a big deal,
- but I'll tell you right now there are people
- in here -- those 84 that do have the
- 5 admitted carrier, they should be allowed to
- have access to a larger pool of companies
- that offer this insurance. They don't want
- 8 to be there, and given the chance to get the
- insurance at a much cheaper rate without
- having to join an organization that forces
- you to sign a non-compete clause, they would
- jump at it. So it may be right now that
- only four of us have it, but I quaranty you
- that the vast majority of the 84 that do
- have it don't want to be with these
- organizations.
- MR. POTEET:
- Thank you, Mr. Castille.
- MR. CASTILLE:
- Thank you.
- MR. POTEET:
- Okay. Who else wanted to
- speak? What is your name, again?
- MR. ARCERI:
- 25 Chris Arceri with Arceri &

- Associates. I will just hand some of these
- out. I think Collin did a fantastic job
- explaining the situation going on in
- 4 Louisiana. I'm actually the agent that
- 5 probably insures those four people with
- 6 Lloyds of London that's not being affected
- right now in the state, and these are
- dealers that are probably, because of the
- <sup>9</sup> way the law is written, are going to have a
- rent-to-own license revoked or be forced to
- make some type of change. I have two or
- three car dealers licensed with the Used Car
- 13 Commission that did not want to purchase
- insurance with these admitted carriers to
- pay those exorbitant fees. So what they
- ended up doing is they got licensed through
- the New Car Commission to do leases. To get
- a leasing license, you do not have to have
- contingent liability coverage. And those
- are dealers that normally would pay you guys
- \$200 for the -- I think it's \$200 for the
- rent-to-own license that decided to move all
- of their business to the New Car Commission.
- So, you know, this issue has
- been around since 1998. I was actually part

- of SEADRA in 1998 when we brought this
- program to the state. So I know kind of the
- inner workings as to what took place back
- then. I can send you copies of letters that
- we got from the Department of Insurance
- discussing contingent insurance, but I just
- want to cover a couple of things that Collin
- kind of brought up here regarding vicarious
- 9 liability, because back then it was kind of
- an issue. If you owned a car and you rented
- it or leased it in a place like Florida or
- New York and had an accident, they
- immediately went to the owner of the vehicle
- and held them responsible. And there were
- about 11 states that had vicarious liability
- issues going on.
- What was happening is rental
- and leasing dealers were paying big money to
- run these operations with insurance. So the
- greatest amendment that Collin spoke about
- was passed in 2005 and it was designed
- because of interstate commerce to kind of
- level the playing field with the dealer to
- allow them -- you know, if vehicles crossed
- into state lines -- like, if you rent a car

- and it traveled down into Florida, well, you
- <sup>2</sup> are subject to the Florida laws down there,
- the vicarious liability laws, and dealers
- were getting pounded down there. So it was
- making it hard for dealers to obtain this
- insurance back then.
- So one of the quotes here I
- thought was kind of interesting with
- 9 Representative Graves, and I have it written
- in green here, it says since companies
- cannot prevent a vehicle from being driven,
- the vicarious liability states they can --
- I'm sorry, they cannot prevent their
- exposure to these laws. You must raise the
- rates accordingly. These higher costs have
- driven small companies out of business
- reducing the consumer choice and competition
- that keeps costs down. That's kind of what
- the Graves Amendment was all about, about
- keeping costs down for these dealers.
- And what has happened here
- with these admitted carriers is there has
- been a monopoly that has been created.
- There's not fair competition with insurance
- companies and it has driven the cost up to

- the point where these dealers are being
- forced to pay these \$20 -- \$10, \$20 per
- month per car fees. These costs are being
- passed along. They are being passed along
- to the consumer. So, these are consumers
- that have credit issues or challenges, they
- are trying to go get a car that's financed.
- They can barely make that \$75 a week
- payment. We are requiring them to carry
- insurance on these vehicles and list these
- dealers as an additional insured, and then
- we are going to tack on another \$240 a year
- cost on, quote, contingent insurance, which
- was really just a fee.
- I listed on the back of here
- some of the companies that I know that offer
- contingent insurance across the country.
- This is nationwide. It's pretty hard
- coverage to find. Great American and
- National Interstate are the two companies
- that we accept here in Louisiana, because
- they are termed admitted. Zurich is another
- carrier, but they don't want to insure
- rent-to-own dealers in Louisiana. They are
- more set up to do like new car leasing,

- leasing operations for them to do business
- in Louisiana. The other issue that they
- have is they require the renter to carry
- $^4$  100/350 limits, which gets to be too
- <sup>5</sup> expensive for the customer.
- Philadelphia Insurance
- 7 Company absolutely will not do business in
- <sup>8</sup> Louisiana. For some reason, they have a
- beef with whatever is going on. They will
- hang up the phone on you if you call and ask
- them for contingent coverage.
- I went out and found Prime
- Insurance a couple of years ago, which is a
- B-plus-plus rated company. That's when I
- found out Representative Cortez was bringing
- forth this bill. I said, hey, see if they
- will accept a B-plus rating or better, which
- if you look at A.M. Best Company, that
- stands for very good, a stable company that
- they expect to be around for a long time.
- And then, of course, Lloyds of London is
- 22 another surplus line company.
- The bill was amended by
- Representative Arnold last week. It's kind
- of funny, the amendment that was put in

- there was stating that the company that was
- non-admitted would have to put money through
- the guaranty fund, which I don't know how
- 4 you actually accomplish that. The reason
- why you become admitted to be part of the
- <sup>6</sup> quaranty fund is because if you go out of
- business, the quarantee fund will pick up
- and reimburse you for claims, I think up to
- 9 \$150,000 in claims, and hopefully return
- premiums to the people who purchase
- policies. Well, if you elect not to put
- money into that guaranty fund, which the
- state charges five percent surplus lines
- tax, which is built into the policy and
- passed on to the consumer. So I don't know
- 16 -- I think maybe the reason why we put that
- amendment in there was to cause confusion,
- because it just doesn't make sense that you
- would require a non-admitted surplus lines
- company to put money into the guaranty fund.
- It actually won't work.
- But, anyway, I'm hoping that
- the Commission will kind of take a stand on
- this issue. It has come up probably every
- year, several times a year, because, you

- know, there are dealers that are affected by
- this. Collin is greatly affected by this
- and there are other dealers here that are
- with an admitted company. There was -- a
- 5 couple of years ago, you could access a
- 6 company called National Interstate for about
- $^{7}$  a six month window there. It opened up
- where you could go directly to the broker at
- Philadelphia and buy this coverage for about
- 10 \$1,500 to \$2,500 a year for a million
- limits. Then, one of the dealers who was
- with Northland was paying \$10 or \$20 a
- month, said, okay, great, I won't have to
- pay the \$20 a month, I'm going to access it
- direct. Well, the people in Philadelphia
- also are the same brokers for Northland. So
- Northland got upset about that, that there
- was a conflict of interest, and they said,
- look, why would we want to lose a customer
- that's paying \$20 a month just so they can
- direct and chop it off, the dealer got real
- upset, screamed at the underwriter and the
- underwriter said, you know, forget it, we
- are not writing any more policies down there
- with National Interstate for the \$2,500 a

<sup>1</sup> year.

```
2
                   So there's probably -- out of
 3
     the 87, I would imagine there are a good
     amount that manage to get that coverage on
                       They will renew those
     an annual basis.
                I have two or three dealers that
     policies.
     when they have a policy renewed, I tell them
     pay it as quick as you can, because you
     don't know when they are going to change
10
     their mind. But what if that program and
1.1
     that market disappeared? How many of these
12
     dealers would be up here screaming and upset
13
     like Collin is? I mean, you guys would be
14
     hearing from all angles of dealers that are
15
     upset about contingent coverage and the
16
     problem is -- like Collin explained, the
17
     actual exposure there is little to none.
                                                 T
18
     mean, since the Graves Amendment, we are
19
     looking at exposure of negligent
20
     entrustment, which means if you lease or
21
     rent a car to somebody that is incompetent,
22
     that you know is intoxicated or a situation
23
     like that, you could be held responsible,
24
     maybe mechanical negligence where you leased
25
     a car or rented a car, somebody knowing that
```

- the brakes were faulty, but other than that,
- <sup>2</sup> I believe the vicarious liability issue is a
- thing of the past, and I would really just
- 4 encourage the Commission to get behind this
- <sup>5</sup> bill. I know it's a pretty big lobbyist
- <sup>6</sup> group that is working behind the scenes that
- <sup>7</sup> got this amendment put in.
- I would like to see the
- phrase, "if available," taken out if
- possible. That would solve the problem
- right there, because you know what -- or
- maybe the Commission could look at it this
- way, do y'all really feel like Collin has
- legitimate insurance available to him? I
- mean, he is being told by his attorney, and
- I'm telling him as an insurance
- professional, do not sign that 10 page
- license agreement with a non-compete in
- there. I would never sign something like
- that.
- Then, the other program out
- of Minnesota requires a contract also, but
- they will tell you if you don't properly
- track a car and the insurance lapses with
- that customer, they are not going to carry

```
1
     you after 30 days anyway if you don't repo
 2
     the car, because it's on a master policy.
 3
                   I know the Commission gets a
     certificate of insurance from National
     Interstate with the program out of
     Northland, but that dealer will never, ever,
     get an actual policy, a physical hard copy
     of a policy, because you are not getting
     your own policy. You endorsed a master
10
     policy. You are shared with thousands of
11
     other dealers across the country. And I was
12
     with SEADRA when they bought contingent
13
     insurance, the issue to the Commission.
14
     looked at other markets, because we weren't
15
     happy with the master policy situation.
16
                   But, anyway, I would just
17
     encourage the dealer -- I mean, the Board to
18
     get behind the House Bill, see if we can get
19
     some wording amended there. Maybe we can
20
     drop "if available" or at least look at the
21
     situation with some of these dealers and
22
     say, is it really available, if they are
23
     being forced to sign these contracts that an
24
     attorney would never advise them to sign.
25
     So, anyway, I'm open to answer any kind of
```

- questions that you guys might have. I have
- tons more I could share with y'all, but
- that's pretty much it.
- MR. POTEET:
- Okay. Does anybody have any
- <sup>6</sup> questions?
- MR. BOURGEOTS:
- I was wondering, Mr. Hallack,
- is there any way we can check with the
- Attorney General or the Insurance Commission
- on the way this monopoly is formed?
- MR. HALLACK:
- Well, I think the reason why
- we brought it up to the Commission today is,
- any time there is a bill that's proposed
- that negatively impacts, first the
- 17 Commission, second the dealers, and third
- the consumers, that we need to take a
- position on it, period. As a public
- employee, Derek and any employee of the
- Commission, cannot support or object to
- legislation, but any time that we have
- something -- now, as a Commissioner, you
- can. You can actually go up there and
- 25 testify in support or against a particular

- bill. I can do it, because I'm not a state
- employee. I'm not a public employee.
- So any time we have a statute
- 4 that affects this Commission, particularly
- $^{5}$  in a negative way that we need to take a
- position on it, we haven't really done that
- yet, even though we've had two committee
- hearings on it. The first time it came up
- in the Commerce Commission -- Commerce
- Committee, we got up there and spoke just
- objectively, just provided the facts. This
- thing has taken a turn from the debate on
- the House floor where it's become even more
- difficult to enforce. It's created an even
- harder monopoly for these two companies that
- provide an admitted carrier.
- If you don't do rent-to-own,
- it's kind of hard to understand what the
- concept is, but if we ever got it to a point
- where it was a decent piece of law, I think
- you would see a lot more dealers doing it.
- 22 If you got away from this admitted carrier
- requirement, I think you would see a lot
- more people doing it.
- In 2008, for example, we had

- 120 dealers that did rent-to-own. In 2009,
- that figure went down to like 68. Now, it's
- $^{3}$  about up to 87, but -- and I think that
- figure is for 2010. So it's something that
- a lot of dealers would do if it was a well
- written piece of law.
- What the law requires is two
- things. It requires one thing, but the
- intent is a completely different thing.
- What it requires is that you get a
- contingent policy, a policy of insurance
- that would protect the dealer from his
- contingent liability. What the intent of
- the law is, is that there is a secondary
- source of insurance in case that operator,
- the rentee, fails to carry insurance on his
- own car. As you know, the compulsory
- insurance requirements are, anybody that
- operates a vehicle is required to the
- minimum liability on his car. This requires
- the dealer to have like a secondary policy
- in case that operator doesn't do that. So
- we have what the law requires, which is
- contingency liability, and then we have what
- $^{25}$  the law intends is to cover that car in case

- the operator doesn't.
- What they are selling does
- not do the latter. It does not cover that
- 4 car as excess policy. It does provide
- 5 contingent liability insurance coverage, but
- <sup>6</sup> guess what, there's absolutely no situation
- where a dealer is liable for the fault of a
- third party, period. So the part that the
- statute requires means absolutely nothing,
- nothing whatsoever. You have heard these
- two men talk about the Graves Amendment.
- 12 That's a federal law and the federal law
- says a used motor vehicle dealer can never
- be held liable for the fault of a third
- party. So this contingent liability policy
- means absolutely nothing. That's why it's
- <sup>17</sup> \$1,200 a year.
- I insure four cars. It costs
- me \$1,200 a month. If Mr. Castille has
- 2,000 cars out on rent-to-own, that policy
- would cost him \$1,200 a year. It would be
- good if he could touch it. That's what it
- would cost him. So you can imagine if what
- we did was what the law intended -- because
- $^{25}$  the law does say that the purpose of this

policy is provide coverage where the 2 operator doesn't. 3 Now, imagine this, you are selling a car to a person -- in rent-to-own, 5 you are selling a car to a person who does not qualify for traditional financing and is 7 not somebody the dealer would do a buy here, pay here deal. He can't get a loan to buy that car. And what's very good for the 10 dealer is he sells this car, he still owns 11 it. He is still the owner of record of that 12 So the repossession is a little bit 13 easier for the dealer in that situation. So 14 it's very alluring for the dealer, because 15 he gets to keep the car in his name. 16 also good for the consumer, because these 17 are people who can't get a car otherwise. 18 So the second part of this 19 policy -- and if you will go and read these 20 policies, the one that -- and we only have 21 two, one is offered by SEADRA. It's called 22 Great American, and the other one is called 23 National Interstate. And, again, you have 24 to be a member of these programs to get 25 these policies, and to be a member of the

- program, SEADRA, you are required to pay \$20
- per car per month. Mr. Castille has 2,000
- cars out on rent-to-own, 2,000 cars at \$20 a
- 4 month is \$40,000 a month, \$480,000 a year
- that he has to pay to access a policy that
- does absolutely nothing, nothing.
- Now, let's talk about what
- the statute intends. The statute intends
- that you provide coverage on a vehicle where
- $^{10}$  the operator fails to keep it. So this
- policy does not apply if the operator has
- insurance on this car. Okay. So it's not
- an excess policy. It's not an umbrella
- policy. It does not apply where he has
- insurance on the car. It also does not
- apply where he does not have insurance. So
- by analogy, it does not apply during the
- day. My analogy did not apply during the
- night. It just doesn't apply.
- Now, the policy that's
- offered by National Interstate has a 30 day
- grace period if the consumer fails to keep
- the insurance and you know about it. You've
- got the notice of cancellation. You've got
- 30 days either to make sure the consumer

- gets the policy. You put a policy on it or
- you get the car back. One of those three
- things have to happen in 30 days.
- Otherwise, there's no insurance. The SEADRA
- <sup>5</sup> policy doesn't even say that. So it really
- doesn't make a whole lot of sense.
- Now, what it means for the
- 8 Commission, Mr. Castille used to have a
- 9 competitor in his area in Lafayette who had
- to get a contingent liability insurance
- policy, but he got smart. He said, well, if
- I change rent-to-own to lease-to-own, maybe
- I can go under the New Car Commission laws
- where the New Car Commission does not have
- that requirement. So his competitor in
- Lafayette got smart and started calling his
- program lease-to-own and he went under the
- 18 New Car Commission. The New Car Commission
- does not have a contingency liability
- insurance requirement. So, now, his
- operation is with the New Car Commission.
- So we are losing dealers to the New Car
- Commission who are figuring out a way to
- call it lease-to-own as opposed to
- rent-to-own.

1 So I don't know how many 2 dealers we have lost to that and it's 3 something that Mr. Castille is looking into himself, how can I convert my operation to lease-to-own? So, yes, this language -this law affects this Commission negatively. We are losing dealers because of it. If we Я had a law that was fairer, then we would probably get more dealers as a result of it. 10 So that's why I think we need to take a 11 position on the bill. 12 MR. POTEET: 13 Okay. Thank you. 14 I've got a few questions and 15 maybe you can answer these, but anybody can 16 answer these questions. Number one, in 17 light of what you presented here regarding 18 the Graves Amendment and regarding the New 19 Car Commission does not require contingent 20 liability insurance, one, how many other 21 states require it, does anybody know? 22 MR. HALLACK: 23 Oklahoma I know does require 24 it. 25 MR. POTEET:

```
1
                   Okay. And, number two, do we
 2
     know how many claims have ever been made on
 3
     these policies?
               MR. HALLACK:
                   I'm only aware of, like, two.
               MR. ARCERT:
                   I've seen loss notices,
     because I quote it all the time. We usually
     have to get loss runs and, typically, the
10
     claims that are paid on these policies are
11
     basically defense costs for attorneys,
12
     because you can still be sued as a dealer,
13
     as the owner of the car. Since the Graves
14
     Amendment, I don't really recall seeing many
15
     judgments in favor of the plaintiffs.
16
     it's basically defense costs that are being
17
     paid right now, because they are suing the
18
     owner of the car in connection with the
19
     person who is leasing the car. But, you
20
     know, five to 10, possibly, not many.
21
               MR. KTRALY:
22
                   My name is Richie Kiraly with
23
     Rock and Roll Auto Sales. Basically, just
24
     to kind of put it in a nutshell, it's a
25
     wording to enable some business to make
```

- money and that's it. There's no reason for
- it, like he said. You are making me
- responsible for someone else's actions.
- Anyone who has a used car lot or a new car
- <sup>5</sup> lot, if you sell a vehicle to someone you
- know is drunk, you are liable. It doesn't
- $^{7}$  have to be a rent-to-own dealer. It can be
- a brand new Accord. If you knowingly sell
- something to someone who is mentally
- incapable, who can't knowingly sign a
- binding contract, you are still liable. So
- all of that smoke screen is nothing.
- Basically, it's a wording that this one
- company, SEADRA, has been doing -- '98 --
- how long have they been -- again, they tried
- to -- it's just like they are saying, you
- have to join their club, period. That's it.
- That's what they want. And by wording it
- appropriately, it's the law that you have to
- join their club.
- But I don't want to have to
- be subjected to join someone's club to run a
- business, not when they are making an
- exorbitant amount of money for absolutely
- nothing. I don't know if -- just like he

- said -- like Chris said, everyone is going
- to tell you, how are you going to make me
- responsible for someone else's actions? For
- $^4$  me to say I'm going to leave here and rob a
- $^{5}$  bank and you are going to go to jail because
- I said so, it's ludicrous. And it says
- every vehicle that you sell, we have a new
- fee. You've got to pay me not once, not
- twice, every single month, and as you grow,
- so do I. For what?
- Just like he was explaining,
- to get insurance coverage you fax them a
- piece of paper. They fax you a piece of
- paper. You fax them back. Okay. They fax
- you a bill. As your company grows, over
- time their bill grows for nothing. And
- again, that's what it's trying to do.
- The wording, just like they
- are saying, it really makes no sense, but if
- you have to play by the rules to play the
- game, that's one thing, but to be forced to
- have to go around them to pay these people
- for nothing, it isn't fair. And just like
- they were saying, I don't see anyone being
- able to win a suit against the contingency

- policy, because it's contingent on what?
- That's the whole thing, on what? You know,
- if I knowingly sell someone -- like I said,
- someone intoxicated a vehicle, that
- 5 contingency policy is not going to cover me
- anyway. My actions are my actions and
- that's the whole point. And they did this
- $^{8}$  and they have been lobbying for those -- for
- that reason, just like they said. There's
- only one voice of opposition, the one voice
- that stands to make the most money, period.
- MR. POTEET:
- Thank you.
- Does this bill address the
- issues? Because, as I understood it, the
- amendment somewhat changed the intent, the
- original intent. So, I mean, are we going
- to support -- I mean, do you want to support
- this as amended?
- MR. HALLACK:
- Well, like Mr. Parnell said,
- it's been amended several times. It's most
- current writing is more stringent than what
- it was before. It's current writing
- requires the Commission to put the dealer

- out of business immediately, revoke his license immediately. If we find some dealer
- who does not have an admitted carrier as his
- decontingent liability insurance, then we are
- <sup>5</sup> required under the amendment to revoke his
- is license immediately. So like in Mr.
- 7 Castille's situation, we would have to take
- his license immediately.
- Now, what does that mean
- about the 2,000 cars that he has out on
- contract? They've got to bring the cars in,
- because he can't do business anymore. So we
- aren't just putting Mr. Castille out of
- business. We are putting 2,000 people out
- of their cars. So that's part of the
- amendment. It is a lot more stringent than
- what the law is right now.
- MR. CASTILLE:
- Can I speak, again?
- MR. POTEET:
- Yes.
- MR. CASTILLE:
- Can I say one more thing?
- If you look at the current
- law -- and I would like to ask the

- 1 Commission if this is possible. If you look
- at the current law, it says, again, such
- policy shall be placed, and then there are
- two those words, "if available." Such
- policy shall be placed, "if available,"
- through an insurance company licensed
- $^{7}$  by and admitted in the State of Louisiana.
- <sup>8</sup> My argument is that since I'm not a member
- 9 of SEADRA and I'm not a member of
- Rent-T-Own, that there are no admitted
- carriers available to me. That's my
- argument, and I'm wondering if the
- 13 Commission could say that if you are forced
- to sign non-competes in excess -- and pay
- excessive membership fees to an insurance
- company, that that insurance company is not
- available. If you were to say that since
- I'm not a member of SEADRA or Rent-T-Own
- that there is no available admitted carrier,
- if you were to say that, then I would be
- able to use a non-admitted carrier. I would
- be able to use the strongest highest rated
- insurance company in the world, Lloyds of
- London. I would be able to use them.
- All these people here would be able to

- use them. It makes it possible what we are
- trying to do legislatively and we could
- probably do it here. I'm not sure -- Mr.
- 4 Hallack would know better. We could
- <sup>5</sup> probably do it here right now in this room
- if you stated what I just stated, that these
- 7 -- if you have to sign a non-compete, sign a
- 6 contract, pay extremely excessive fees to
- get access to an admitted carrier, that
- carrier is not available.
- Am I making sense?
- MR. TURNER:
- Robert, let me ask you --
- MR. HALLACK:
- Yes, sir.
- MR. TURNER:
- -- the New Car Commission,
- what is the criteria, you don't have to have
- <sup>19</sup> admitted insurance coverage?
- MR. HALLACK:
- You don't have to have
- contingent liability.
- MR. TURNER:
- Well, why wouldn't we just
- mirror that?

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MR. HALLACK:
 2
                    That would be the acceptable
 3
     thing to do. Like I said before, the
     operator of the vehicle is primarily
 5
     responsible for insuring that vehicle, but
     because the dealer is still the owner of
 7
     title, they want the dealer to insure the
     car, too. There's one dealer that I was
     made aware of that -- he has a policy that
10
     actually insures that car, period.
11
     considers himself to be the primary insurer
12
     of that car and he rents it out. You know,
13
     that's how he does his job.
14
                MR. BOURGEOTS:
15
                    Makes money on the insurance,
16
     probably.
17
                MR. HALLACK:
18
                    I'm sorry?
19
                MR. BOURGEOIS:
20
                    He probably makes money on
21
     the insurance.
22
                MR. HALLACK:
23
                    Well, sure, yes, because the
24
     contingent --
25
                MR. BOURGEOIS:
```

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It sounds like it.

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1
                   Brad Saia, Vice-President of
     LIADA. We met with them Saturday, and Terry
     Gee is our lobbyist that we pay, and we
     offer -- you know, we support helping these
     quys, because it helps us as well as y'all,
     and we offered, you know. If Terry Gee, our
     lobbyist, is available, they can use him as
     well to go help, whatever we need to do to
     help support these guys because, I mean, I
10
     have looked at being a rent-to-own dealer
11
     and this is a major -- I mean, it's a lot of
12
            It makes a big difference in your
13
     bottom line.
14
               MR. POTEET:
15
                    Sure.
16
               MR. SATA:
17
                    So whatever we need to do in
18
     LIADA to support this we will.
19
               MR. POTEET:
20
                    I have a question for the
21
     attorneys in this room. Isn't this
22
     bordering on anti-trust?
23
               MR. HALLACK:
24
                    Well, sure --
25
               MR. BREWER:
```

```
1
                    I can't believe it. It's
     terrible.
               MR. POTEET:
                    How do we get there?
 5
     does the State of Louisiana allow that?
                                                 Т
     mean, don't they know where -- how deep this
     sword goes, but, you know, it seems that
     we've got a lot of things wrong here.
     got two organizations openly practicing
10
     anti-trust type tactics.
11
               MR. SATA:
12
                    It's like the mafia.
13
               MR. HATTACK:
1.4
                    Assumption by the State of
15
     Louisiana.
16
                MR.
                   POTEET:
17
                    Especially, when we've got
18
     two commissions that basically one has one
19
     way of forcing their dealers to follow
20
     certain guidelines, the other doesn't, and
21
     we can't find any reason to support the
22
     reason that we have the insurance to begin
23
     with.
            I don't know where to begin.
```

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The bill is so different from

MS. MORRIS:

24

1 what was introduced. 2 MR. POTEET: 3 I don't even see how this bill helps you. MR. ARCERT: The one coming out of the 7 House was amended perfect. It actually mirrored what the New Car Commission -- they actually took the words right out of the New 10 Car Commission regarding financial 11 responsibility, and then I think it even 12 gave the option of admitted companies if 13 contingent coverage was going to be 14 But it wasn't until it got to the required. 15 House floor that it got messed up again, but 16 I know when it gets to the Senate Insurance 17 Committee meeting on Wednesday this week, 18 it's going to be addressed again. 19 amendment changed back to where it was. 20 MR. CASTILLE: 21 Right, in the Insurance 22 Committee of the Senate, we're going to try 23 to get it put exactly like it was coming out 24 of the Insurance Committee in the House.

MS. BARON:

them -- the next step that we're going to

25

One of

- try to do, what I would really like is if
- $^{2}$  you guys would -- if the Commission would
- 3 state that those two companies are not
- available to me, because I'm not in that
- 5 organization. I can't be compelled to join
- those organizations. There's nothing in the
- <sup>7</sup> law that says I have to join SEADRA or
- Rent-T-Own. I can't be compelled to
- sign a non-compete contract. So those, I
- wish not to. I wish not to become a member.
- 11 Those are not available to me and I think
- that you can do that. Am I right?
- Can they say -- like, make
- some kind of declaratory judgment that those
- insurance companies are only available to
- members of SEADRA and Rent-T-Own and nobody
- else and, therefore, they can use
- non-admitted companies.
- MR. HALLACK:
- Well, we've told the dealers
- that they need to probably go to court and
- ask the judge to declare what is available.
- Our law right now states that if it's not
- available, then they can get insurance from
- another source. We've had attorneys from

- the Department of Insurance who have come in
- and looked at it and said, if you have to be
- 3 a member of this organization, then that
- insurance is not available to you and,
- 5 therefore, you can go somewhere else to get
- the insurance.
- MR. BOURGEOIS:
- Which means you can go
- <sup>9</sup> through non-admitted.
- MR. HALLACK:
- That's right.
- MR. POTEET:
- So what would be wrong with
- us saying that?
- MR. MORRIS:
- I think the bill as
- introduced, and then amended in the
- committee, was something that was going to
- help the dealers. Now, it's something that
- is not going to help. It is more difficult
- to comply with in our current law.
- MR. BOURGEOIS:
- The change is even worse.
- MS. MORRIS:
- So it seems like you could

1 try to get it back in the Senate Committee, 2 but if you can't get it back in the Senate 3 Committee and you are finding some people that are more organized and have been doing this for years and have more resources, then б maybe you want to pull the bill and try to get a declaratory judgment as to what is "if available," but I know that there are some risks presented with that, but while that's 10 pending the Commission, I don't think 11 you-all could not revoke licenses on that 12 ground. 13 MR. HALLACK: 14 On the ground of failed to 15 carry contingent liability insurance? 16 MS. MORRIS: 17 With an admitted carrier. 18 MR. POTEET: 19 You are saying that we --20 MS. MORRIS: 21 What is our interpretation of 22 admitted?

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A non-admitted carrier --

MR. BOURGEOIS:

MR. POTEET:

23

24

- 1 Well, I think based on what 2 Mr. Hallack said with the attorneys from the 3 Insurance Commission, we've got enough to say that there are none available. MR. HALLACK: Right. But every year, the Director gets a letter from the attorneys for SEADRA saying you are not enforcing this laws as it is written, if you don't, we will 10 do something to you. And just to let you 1.1 know that if we go down to a committee and 12 we sit there and present facts that are not 13 favorable to SEADRA, chances are they are 14 going to come to you and say, your people 15 are voicing opposition to what we want to 16 And, I mean, they are tough people, do. 17 they are tough cookies. I mean, they sat 18 there and told the attorneys for the 19 Department of Insurance, you are a state 20 employee, you better watch what you say. Ι 21 mean, that's tough.
- MS. MORRIS:

Well, it seems like the other insurers are the ones that need to be the opposition, the ones that could be writing

1 the policies. 2 MR. HALLACK: 3 Yes, but they don't want to sell it, because it's a worthless policy. 5 MR. CASTILLE: 6 It's a small, small line. 7 mean, Lloyds of London, the premiums that 8 they gain from selling contingent liability are, you know, hundredths of a percent of 10 their total revenue. 11 MR. HALLACK: 12 There's no money for them. 13 MR. POTEET: 14 I'm not sure what we can do. 15 I mean, I see a lot of things that we could 16 do in the long term, but between now and 17 Wednesday, I mean, do we want to -- I don't 18 want to support this. 19 MR. BOURGEOIS: 20 Can we pull the bill? 21 MR. CASTILLE: 22 I think what's -- we'll have 23 to wait and see what happens in the 24 Insurance Committee Wednesday. If we get it

back to the way we would like it, we are

- going to continue with it and I would ask
- you support it at that point. But if we
- 3 can't, there's a chance that we will just
- <sup>4</sup> pull it. And then what I would do is
- exactly what Mr. Hallack said, which is to
- 6 try a get a --
- MS. MORRIS:
- Declaratory judgment.
- MR. CASTILLE:
- -- declaratory judgment
- saying that those two insurance companies
- are not available to me. And this would
- benefit everybody in here.
- MR. BOURGEOTS.
- We can't do that now?
- MR. CASTILLE:
- That's why I'm asking --
- MS. MORRIS:
- The judgment will have to be
- from a court. You can file it here. You
- can file it for --
- MR. POTEET:
- We request that, right,
- we would request something like
- 25 that?

1 MR. HALLACK: 2 I don't think the Commission 3 should do it. MR. POTEET: Someone else would do it. MR. HALLACK: 7 A dealer has to do it, a rent-to-own dealer. MS. MORRIS: 10 I think the APA -- the 11 Louisiana version of APA has a procedure in 12 there to allow a licensee to ask you to 13 interpret your laws and rules. Then, if 14 there's an appeal of that, you have to 15 notify the interested parties that we would 16 have to notify SEADRA and Rent-T-Own of the 17 hearing, and once that -- then, it could be 18 appealed to the 19th Judicial District 19 Court, but the request would have to come to 20 you from some interested party. 21 MR. POTEET: 22 That sounds pretty simple. 23 MS. MORRIS: 24 I don't know if you-all have 25 a rule that addresses that.

1 MR. HALLACK: 2 We do have a rule that addresses that, yes. MR. POTEET: 5 So what do we have to do if 6 we want to tell these guys we'll support whatever comes out of the Senate? MR. HALLACK: I don't think we need a 10 motion. I think it's just mainly for your 11 information 12 MR. POTEET: 13 I think everybody in this 14 room, all of the Commissioners, do you have 15 any -- I mean, I think that what they are 16 trying to do makes sense. I'm a little bit 17 offended by the whole process, that you have 18 to join a club to do business. 19 MR. BREWER: 20 I have one question, that's 21 Would that -- let's say a rent-to-own. 22 person had a rental company --23 MR. CASTILLE:

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short term, like a week or a couple of days?

If they were renting

24

Page 106 1 MR. BREWER: Right. Right. Does that follow the same --MR. POTEET: 5 They are covered by the 6 Graves Amendment. MR. CASTILLE: They are, too. They are covered by the Graves Amendment, but they 10 are licensed under something else. What we 11 are licensed is, our contracts have to be a 12 year or longer. 13 MR. BREWER: 14 I see. 15 MR. CASTILLE: 16 These companies are doing 17 daily or weekly rates. 18 MS. BARON: 19 It's really a rental dealer. 20 MR. BREWER: 21 I don't see how you could 22 continue to stay in business. 23 MR. CASTILLE: 24 I don't believe we would able 25

to, you know.

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1
                MR. POTEET:
                    Okay. Is there any more
 3
     discussion on any of that? I think that you
     guys have our support to try to get
     something done --
                MR. CASTILLE:
                    Thank you.
                MR. POTEET:
                    -- whatever that might be.
10
                MR. CORMIER:
11
                    I think they should be
12
     allowed to continue to do business the way
13
     they are until this is resolved.
14
                MR. POTEET:
15
                    I think we are sort of in
16
     that --
17
                MR. TURNER:
18
                    There's no doubt about that.
19
                MR. POTEET:
20
                    Yes. We are in that mode,
21
     now.
22
                MR. HALLACK:
23
                    Well, kind of -- I mean,
     eventually we probably might get a letter
25
     from them saying, we are aware that a dealer
```

- in Lafayette is not complying with
- contingency liability, what are you going to
- $^{3}$  do about it.
- MR. POTEET:
- We'll investigate it.
- MS. BARON:
- We will have to have a
- hearing is what we'll do about it.
- 9 MR. POTEET:
- At that point, we could
- say we will investigate it and during
- the investigation, we will have the --
- MS. BARON:
- The hearing.
- MR. HALLACK:
- Well, just so everybody
- knows, we are not going to set him up for a
- violation.
- MR. CORMIER:
- That's where I was going with
- $^{21}$  that.
- MR. POTEET:
- Yes.
- MR. ARCERI:
- How about my other four

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1
     dealers?
 2
                MR. PARNELL:
 3
                    It is four total. Three of
     them, they do that with Lloyds of London.
                MR. POTEET:
                    It seems to me like this is
     restraint of trade, anti-trust, all of those
     other nasty things.
 9
                MR. PARNELL:
10
                    All of the dealers -- are all
11
     of four dealers are Lloyds of London, now.
12
                MS. BARON:
13
                    Don't mess with them.
14
                MR. POTEET:
15
                    Right. Okay. As you know,
16
     we've got just a couple of hearings coming
17
        We will take a little quick break.
18
     Everybody take a break, five minutes -- 10
19
     minutes.
20
21
       (After hearings were held, the meeting
22
                adjourned at 12:35 p.m.)
23
24
25
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1	REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
2	
3	I, BETTY D. GLISSMAN, Certified
4	Court Reporter, Certificate No. 86150, in
5	and for the State of Louisiana, do hereby
6	certify that the Louisiana Used Motor
7	Vehicle Commission May 16, 2011 meeting was
8	reported by me in the stenotype reporting
9	method, was prepared and transcribed by me
10	or under my personal direction and
11	supervision, and is a true and correct
12	transcript to the best of my ability and
13	understanding.
14	This May 29, 2011, Baton Rouge,
15	Louisiana.
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	BETTY D. GLISSMAN, CCR
24	CERTIFIED COURT REPORTER
25	